



SHELTER OPERATIONS POLICIES & PROCEDURES

Situational Response Plan for: COVID-19 (“Coronavirus”) Outbreak

Adapted from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s “Interim Guidance for Homeless Shelters”

Before a COVID-19 Outbreak: PLAN

An outbreak of COVID-19 in the community can cause illness among people experiencing homelessness, contribute to an increase in the need for shelter, and/or lead to illness and absenteeism among staff.

Communicate with local public health departments to keep information flowing.

Shelter programs should collaborate, share information, and review plans with community leaders and local public health officials to help protect their staff, guests, and guests. Set a time to discuss what homeless service providers should do if cases of COVID-19 are suspected in their facility, if a confirmed case of COVID-19 is identified in a guest, or if a confirmed case of COVID-19 in a person experiencing homelessness is discharged from a local hospital. Identify if alternate care sites are available for guests with confirmed COVID-19 or if service providers should plan to isolate cases within their facility.

Be a part of the community’s plan.

Find out if the local government has a private-public emergency planning group that meets regularly. Building strong alliances before an outbreak may provide the support and resources needed to respond effectively. Also, providing input as a community leader and stakeholder helps to ensure that the local government’s emergency operations plan is complete and represented.

Develop or update your emergency operations plan

- **Identify a list of key contacts** at the local and state health departments.
- **Identify a list of healthcare facilities** and alternative care sites where guests with respiratory illness can seek housing and receive appropriate care.
- **Include contingency plans** for increased absenteeism caused by illness among staff or their family members that require them to stay home. These plans might include extending hours, cross-training current staff, or hiring temporary workers.

Address key prevention strategies in your emergency operations plan

- **Promote the practice of Everyday Preventive Actions.** Use messaging and post materials developed by credible public health sources, such as local and state public health departments or the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

- **Provide COVID-19 prevention supplies on-site.** Have supplies on hand for staff, volunteers, and guests, such as soap, alcohol-based hand sanitizers that contain at least 60% alcohol, tissues, trash baskets, and disposable facemasks. Plan to have extra supplies on hand.

Note: Disposable facemasks should be kept on-site and used only when someone is sick at your organization. If possible, those who are sick should be immediately isolated from those who are not sick and given a clean disposable facemask to wear while staying at the shelter.

- **Plan for staff and volunteer absences.** Develop flexible attendance and sick-leave policies. Staff (and volunteers) may need to stay home when they are sick, caring for a sick household member, or caring for their children in the event of school dismissals. Identify critical job functions and positions, and plan for alternative coverage by cross-training staff.

Note: Use a process similar to the one used when covering for staff during the holidays.

- **Be prepared to report cases of respiratory illness that *might* be COVID-19** to your local health department and to transport persons with severe illness to medical facilities. Discuss reporting procedures ahead of time with a contact person at your local health department.
- If possible, **identify space on-site that could accommodate guests** with mild respiratory symptoms and separate them from others. Most people infected with COVID-19 will likely only have mild symptoms and not require hospital care. Furthermore, it might not be possible to determine if a person has COVID-19 or another respiratory illness. Designate a room and bathroom (if available) for guests with mild illness who remain at the shelter and develop a plan for cleaning that room daily.
- **Identify guests who could be at high risk for complications** from COVID-19 (those who are older or have underlying health conditions) to ensure their needs are taken into consideration.
- If the site provides healthcare services, **prepare healthcare clinic staff** to care for COVID-19 patients, and ensure the site has an adequate supply of personal protective equipment.
- **Plan for higher shelter usage during the outbreak.** Consult with community leaders, local public health departments, and faith-based organizations about places to refer guests if your shelter space is full. Identify short-term volunteers to staff shelter with more usage or alternate sites. Consider the need for extra supplies (e.g., food, toiletries, etc.) and surge staff, ensuring they have personal protective equipment.

Communicate about COVID-19 and everyday preventive actions

- **Create a communication plan for distributing timely and accurate information during an outbreak.** Identify everyone in your chain of communication (for example, staff, volunteers, key community partners and stakeholders, and guests) and establish systems for sharing information with them. Maintain up-to-date contact information for these individuals, and

identify platforms, such as a hotline, automated text messaging, and a website to help disseminate information to those inside and outside your organization.

- **Identify and address potential language, cultural, and disability barriers associated with communicating COVID-19 information** to staff, volunteers, and guests. Ensure that information is available in the language and format required to reach the guests AND staff.
- **Help to counter associated stigma and discrimination** in your community. Speak out against negative behaviors and engage with stigmatized groups. Who is being victimized by others BECAUSE they are a victim of this disease?
- **People experiencing homelessness may be at increased risk of adverse mental health outcomes**, particularly during outbreaks of infectious diseases. Encourage staff to identify changes in behavior associated with this additional stress, and how they can work through these changes with the guests to minimize the impact on their wellbeing.

During a COVID-19 Outbreak: ACT

If cases or clusters of COVID-19 disease are reported in your community, put your emergency plan into action, to protect your guests, staff, and guests. Early action to slow the spread of COVID-19 will help keep staff and volunteers healthy and help your organization maintain normal operations.

Put your emergency operations and communication plans into action

- **Stay informed about the local COVID-19 situation.** Get up-to-date information about local COVID-19 activity from public health officials. Be aware of any bans on gatherings, temporary travel restrictions and temporary school dismissals in your area because these may affect your staff, volunteers, and families you serve.

Note: Early in the outbreak, local public health officials may recommend schools be dismissed temporarily to allow time to gather information about how fast and severe COVID-19 is spreading in your community.

- **Implement Everyday Preventive Actions and provide instructions to your workers about actions to prevent disease spread.** Meet with your staff to discuss plans to help guests implement personal preventive measures.
- **Communicate with your local health department** if you are concerned that guests in your programs might have COVID-19.
- **Download COVID-19 posters and CDC Fact Sheets and keep your guests and guests informed about public health recommendations** to prevent disease spread and about changes to services that might be related to the outbreak. Messaging may include:

- Posting signs at entrances and in strategic places providing instruction on hand hygiene, respiratory hygiene, and cough etiquette.
 - Providing educational materials about COVID-19 for non-English speakers, as needed.
 - Encouraging sick staff and volunteers to stay home (or be sent home if they develop symptoms while at the facility), to prevent transmitting further infection to others.
- **Minimize the number of staff who have face-to-face interactions with guests** with symptoms. Use physical barriers to protect staff from guests with unknown infection status (e.g. check-in staff). For example, consider installing a sneeze guard at the Service Desk or place an additional table between staff and guests to increase the distance between them.

Note: Facemasks should be reserved for use by guests who exhibit symptoms. Guests who become sick should be given a clean facemask to wear while staying at the shelter.

- **Staff and volunteers at high risk of severe COVID-19** (those who are older or have underlying health conditions) **SHOULD NOT** be designated as caregivers for sick guests who are staying in the shelter.
- **If staff is handling guest belongings, they should use disposable gloves.** Make sure to train any staff using gloves to ensure proper use, including how to properly remove them.
- **Limit visitors** to the facility.

Ensure that guests receive assistance in preventing spread and accessing care, as needed

- **In general sleeping areas (for those who are not experiencing respiratory symptoms), ensure that beds/mats are at least 3 feet apart,** and request that all guests sleep head-to-toe.
- **Provide guests and staff access to fluids, tissues, plastic bags** for the proper disposal of used tissues or other potentially infected items.
- **Ensure bathrooms and other sinks are consistently stocked with soap and drying materials for handwashing.** Provide alcohol-based hand sanitizers that contain at least 60% alcohol (if allowed) at key points within the facility, including service desks, entrances/exits, and eating areas.
- **At check-in, provide any guest with respiratory symptoms with a surgical mask.**
 - If there is person to person spread in your local community, accept that guests might be infected with COVID-19.
- **Monitor guests who could be at high risk for complications** from COVID-19 (those who are older or have underlying health conditions) and reach out to them regularly.

- **Confine guests with mild respiratory symptoms consistent with COVID-19 infection to individual rooms, if possible, and have them avoid common areas.**
 - Follow CDC recommendations for how to prevent further spread in your program.
 - If respite areas are not available, consider using a large, well-ventilated room.
 - In areas where guests with respiratory illness are staying, keep beds at least 3 feet apart and use temporary barriers between beds, such as curtains, and request that all guests sleep head-to-toe.
 - If possible, designate a separate bathroom for sick guests with symptoms.
 - Consider reducing cleaning frequency in bedrooms and bathrooms dedicated to ill persons to **as-needed** cleaning (e.g., of soiled items and surfaces) to avoid unnecessary contact with the ill persons.

Decisions about whether guests with mild illness due to suspected or confirmed COVID-19 should remain in the shelter or be directed to alternative housing sites should be made in coordination with local health authorities. Similarly, identifying respite care locations for patients with confirmed COVID-19 who have been discharged from the hospital should be made in coordination with local healthcare facilities and your local health department.

- **If you identify any guest with severe symptoms, notify your public health department and arrange for the guest to receive immediate medical care.** If this is a guest with suspected COVID-19, notify the transfer team and medical facility before transfer. Severe symptoms would include:
 - Extremely difficult breathing (not being able to speak without gasping for air)
 - Bluish lips or face
 - Persistent pain or pressure in the chest
 - Severe persistent dizziness or lightheadedness
 - New confusion, or inability to arouse
 - New seizure or seizures that won't stop
- **Ensure that all common areas within the facility follow good practices for environmental cleaning.** Cleaning should be conducted in accordance with CDC recommendations.

After a COVID-19 Outbreak: FOLLOW UP

A COVID-19 outbreak could last a long time, and the impact on a shelter may be considerable. When health officials determine the outbreak has ended, take time to talk over your experiences with your guests and staff. As public health officials continue to plan for COVID-19 and other disease outbreaks, you and your organization have an important role to play in ongoing planning efforts.

Evaluate the effectiveness of your organization's plan of action

- **Discuss and note lessons learned.** Were your COVID-19 preparedness actions effective? Talk about problems that were found in your plan and effective solutions. Identify additional resources needed to not repeat the same mistakes.

- **Participate in community discussions about emergency planning.** Let others know about what readiness actions worked. Maintain communication lines with your community (e.g., social media and email lists).
- **Continue to practice everyday preventive actions.** Stay home when you are sick; cover your coughs and sneezes with a tissue; wash your hands often with soap and water; and clean frequently touched surfaces and objects daily.
- **Maintain and expand your emergency planning.** Look for ways to expand community partnerships. Identify agencies or partners needed to help you prepare for an infectious disease outbreak in the future.

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/homeless-shelters/plan-prepare-respond.html>

For more information, please refer to the guidelines found at [cdc.gov/coronavirus](https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus)



SHELTER OPERATIONS POLICIES & PROCEDURES

COVID-19 ("Coronavirus") Prevention Plan

Summary of COVID-19

Coronaviruses are a large family of viruses. They are estimated to cause about a third of all cases of the common cold. The most common forms can cause mild to moderate illness in people, while other forms circulate among animals, including camels, cats, and bats.

COVID-19 is a viral respiratory illness caused by a coronavirus that had not been found in people before 2019. Early on, many of the patients in the outbreak in Wuhan, China, reportedly had some link to a large seafood and animal market, suggesting the virus likely emerged from an animal source.

This virus probably originally emerged from an animal source but is now able to spread from person-to-person. It's important to note that person-to-person spread can happen on a continuum. Some viruses are highly contagious (like measles), while other viruses are less so.

When person-to-person spread has occurred with other coronaviruses, such as MERS and SARS, it is thought to have happened mainly via respiratory droplets produced when an infected person coughs or sneezes, similar to how flu and other respiratory diseases spread. Spread of SARS and MERS between people has generally occurred between close contacts.

Common Symptoms

According to CDC, patients with confirmed COVID-19 have had mild to severe respiratory illness with symptoms of:

- fever
- cough
- shortness of breath

Other symptoms include muscle aches, headache, sore throat, or diarrhea.

Symptoms of COVID-19 may appear two to 14 days after exposure.

Symptoms are similar to other respiratory illnesses that are circulating, such as influenza, so experiencing these symptoms alone does not necessarily mean you need to be tested for COVID-19. Additional criteria will help your health care provider decide if you should be tested, such as:

- If you have history of recent travel (within past 14 days) from an affected geographic area
- If you had close contact with a confirmed patient within the past 14 days of symptom onset.
- If you are hospitalized with something like acute respiratory illness or pneumonia without another explanation (e.g., influenza).

Although still rare, the COVID-19 disease has resulted in several deaths in the United States, mostly among elderly populations and individuals with previous underlying health conditions.

Prevention of COVID-19

Currently, there is no known cure or vaccine for or against the COVID-19 virus.

Although scientists and doctors are still learning more about this new virus, it is widely believed that the same recommended prevention methods taken to control the spread of influenza are the most effective in preventing Coronavirus.

Recommended for all persons:

- Regularly washing hands thoroughly with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.
- When coughing or sneezing, they should expel directly into either:
 - the inside of their bent elbow (good)
 - a tissue which should be immediately thrown into a bagged trashcan (better)
- Anyone who is sick or symptomatic (coughing or sneezing) should be asked to wear a facemask.
- When using sanitizer, they should use a solution that is at least 60% alcohol, and use it vigorously and rub into their hands until dry.
- Maintain at least 3-6 feet between yourself and anyone who is coughing or sneezing
- Avoid touching eyes, nose and mouth, as these are mucous membranes which are the most common pathways for respiratory illnesses to enter the body.

Recommended for shelter guests

- They should be encouraged to sleep in a head-to-toe configuration, to help limit the spread of illness from face-to-face proximity.

Recommended for shelter staff

- They should be actively observing and noting any signs of cough or illness within the shelter population. Any persons seen coughing or sneezing should be approached and asked to wear a facemask to limit transmission.
- They must increase the amount of surface sanitizing completed in the shelter, especially on common touch surfaces like doorknobs, handrails, tables and countertops. This should be done with a bleach-water or a similar sanitizing solution (ex: Clorox wipes).
- They should be encouraged to stay home if sick. If this is not possible:
 - They must wear a facemask to limit the spread of contagion to others
 - They should be restricted to work which involve the least close-contact as possible
 - They must not be allowed to handle food
- If anyone has fever, cough and difficulty breathing, they should seek medical care earlier than later. Even if it is just a cold or flu, this will help prevent spread of viruses.

For more information, please refer to the guidelines found at [cdc.gov/coronavirus](https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus)



SHELTER OPERATIONS POLICIES & PROCEDURES COVID-19 (“Coronavirus”) Cleaning and Disinfection Plan

Definitions

Coronavirus - is one member of a large family of viruses. This virus family is estimated to cause about a third of all cases of the common cold.

COVID-19 - is a viral respiratory illness caused by the novel Coronavirus discovered in late 2019.

Cleaning - refers to the removal of dirt and impurities, including germs, from surfaces. Cleaning alone does not kill germs. But by removing the germs, it decreases their number and therefore any risk of spreading infection.

Disinfecting - works by using chemicals to kill germs on surfaces. This process does not necessarily clean dirty surfaces or remove germs. But killing germs remaining on a surface after cleaning further reduces any risk of spreading infection of.

Cleaning and Disinfecting During or After Suspected Presence of COVID-19

- It is recommended to close off areas used by the ill persons and wait as long as practical before beginning cleaning and disinfection to minimize potential for exposure to respiratory droplets. Open outside doors and windows to increase air circulation in the area. If possible, wait up to 24 hours before beginning cleaning and disinfection.
- In areas where ill persons are being housed in isolation (ex: respite rooms), cleaning and sanitation should be focused on common areas where staff/others providing services may come into contact with ill persons, while reducing cleaning and disinfection of bedrooms/bathrooms used by ill persons to as needed. Doing this will limit the spread of disease.
- In areas where ill persons have visited or used, continue routine cleaning and disinfection as in this guidance.

Recommended Cleaning and Disinfecting

Surfaces

- Staff should practice routine cleaning of frequently touched surfaces (for example: tables, doorknobs, light switches, handles, desks, toilets, faucets, sinks)
- If dirty, surfaces should be cleaned using a detergent or soap-and-water before disinfection.
- For disinfection, diluted household bleach solutions, alcohol solutions with at least 70% alcohol, and most common EPA-registered household disinfectants should be effective.
 - Diluted household bleach solutions can be used if appropriate for the surface. Follow manufacturer’s instructions for application and proper ventilation. Check to ensure the

product is not past its expiration date. NEVER MIX HOUSEHOLD BLEACH WITH AMMONIA OR ANY OTHER CLEANSER. Unexpired household bleach will be effective against coronaviruses when properly diluted.

- Prepare a bleach solution by mixing:
 - 5 tablespoons (1/3rd cup) bleach per gallon of water or
 - 4 teaspoons bleach per quart of water
- Products with EPA-approved emerging viral pathogens claims are expected to be effective against COVID-19 based on data for harder to kill viruses. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for all cleaning and disinfection products (ex: concentration, application method and contact time, etc.). A list these of products are available online.
- For soft (porous) surfaces such as carpeted floor, rugs, and drapes, remove visible contamination if present and clean with appropriate cleaners indicated for use on these surfaces. After cleaning:
 - If the items can be laundered, launder items in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions using the warmest appropriate water setting for the items and then dry items completely.
 - Otherwise, use products with the EPA-approved emerging viral pathogens claims that are suitable for porous surfaces

Linens, Clothing, and Other Items That Go in the Laundry

- Do not shake dirty laundry; this will minimize the possibility of dispersing virus through the air.
- Wash items as appropriate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. If possible, launder items using the warmest appropriate water setting for the items and dry items completely. Dirty laundry that has been in contact with an ill person can be washed with other people's items.
- Clean and disinfect hampers or other carts for transporting laundry according to guidance above for hard or soft surfaces.

For more information, please refer to the guidelines found at [cdc.gov/coronavirus](https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus)

What you need to know about coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)

What is coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)?

Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) is a respiratory illness that can spread from person to person. The virus that causes COVID-19 is a novel coronavirus that was first identified during an investigation into an outbreak in Wuhan, China.

Can people in the U.S. get COVID-19?

COVID-19 is spreading from person to person in China, and limited spread among close contacts has been detected in some countries outside China, including the United States. At this time, however, this virus is NOT currently spreading in communities in the United States. Right now, the greatest risk of infection is for people in China or people who have traveled to China. Risk of infection is dependent on exposure. Close contacts of people who are infected are at greater risk of exposure, for example health care workers and close contacts of people who are infected with the virus that causes COVID-19. CDC continues to closely monitor the situation.

Have there been cases of COVID-19 in the U.S.?

Yes. The first case of COVID-19 in the United States was reported on January 21, 2020. The current count of cases of COVID-19 in the United States is available on CDC's webpage at <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/cases-in-us.html>.

How does COVID-19 spread?

The virus that causes COVID-19 probably emerged from an animal source, but now it seems to be spreading from person to person. It's important to note that person-to-person spread can happen on a continuum. Some diseases are highly contagious (like measles), while other diseases are less so. At this time, it's unclear how easily or sustainably the virus that causes COVID-19 is spreading between people. Learn what is known about the spread of newly emerged coronaviruses at <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/about/transmission.html>.

What are the symptoms of COVID-19?

Patients with COVID-19 have had mild to severe respiratory illness with symptoms of

- fever
- cough
- shortness of breath



What are severe complications from this virus?

Many patients have pneumonia in both lungs.

How can I help protect myself?

The best way to prevent infection is to avoid being exposed to the virus that causes COVID-19.

There are simple everyday preventive actions to help prevent the spread of respiratory viruses. These include

- Avoid close contact with people who are sick.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
- Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. Use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol if soap and water are not available.

If you are sick, to keep from spreading respiratory illness to others, you should

- Stay home when you are sick.
- Cover your cough or sneeze with a tissue, then throw the tissue in the trash.
- Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces.

What should I do if I recently traveled to China and got sick?

If you were in China within the past 14 days and feel sick with fever, cough, or difficulty breathing, you should seek medical care. Call the office of your health care provider before you go, and tell them about your travel and your symptoms. They will give you instructions on how to get care without exposing other people to your illness. While sick, avoid contact with people, don't go out and delay any travel to reduce the possibility of spreading illness to others.

Is there a vaccine?

There is currently no vaccine to protect against COVID-19. The best way to prevent infection is to avoid being exposed to the virus that causes COVID-19.

Is there a treatment?

There is no specific antiviral treatment for COVID-19. People with COVID-19 can seek medical care to help relieve symptoms.

For more information: www.cdc.gov/COVID19

Lo que necesita saber sobre la enfermedad del coronavirus 2019(COVID-19)

¿Qué es la enfermedad del coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19)?

La enfermedad del coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) es una afección respiratoria que se puede propagar de persona a persona. El virus que causa el COVID-19 es un nuevo coronavirus que se identificó por primera vez durante la investigación de un brote en Wuhan, China.

¿Pueden las personas en los EE. UU. contraer el COVID-19?

El COVID-19 se está propagando de persona a persona en China y se ha detectado propagación limitada entre contactos cercanos en algunos países fuera de China, incluso en los Estados Unidos. En la actualidad, sin embargo, este virus NO se está propagando en comunidades en los Estados Unidos. En estos momentos, el mayor riesgo de infección es para las personas en China o las personas que han viajado a China. El riesgo de infección depende de la exposición. Los contactos cercanos de las personas infectadas tienen un riesgo mayor de exposición, por ejemplo, los trabajadores del sector de la salud y los contactos cercanos de las personas infectadas por el virus que causa el COVID-19. Los CDC continúan vigilando de cerca la situación.

¿Ha habido casos de COVID-19 en los EE. UU.?

Sí. El primer caso de COVID-19 en los Estados Unidos se notificó el 21 de enero del 2020. La cantidad actual de casos de COVID-19 en los Estados Unidos está disponible en la página web de los CDC en <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/cases-in-us.html>.

¿Cómo se propaga el COVID-19?

Es probable que el virus que causa el COVID-19 haya surgido de una fuente animal, pero parece que ahora se está propagando de persona a persona. Es importante notar que la propagación de persona a persona puede darse en un proceso continuo. Algunas enfermedades son altamente contagiosas (como el sarampión), mientras que otras enfermedades no lo son tanto. En estos momentos, no está claro qué tan fácil o con qué continuidad el virus que causa el COVID-19 se esté propagando entre las personas. Infórmese sobre lo que se sabe acerca de la propagación del coronavirus de reciente aparición en <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/about/transmission-sp.html>.

¿Cuáles son los síntomas del COVID-19?

Los pacientes con COVID-19 han tenido enfermedad respiratoria de leve a grave con los siguientes síntomas:

- fiebre
- tos
- dificultad para respirar



¿Cuáles son las complicaciones graves provocadas por este virus?

Muchos pacientes tienen neumonía en ambos pulmones.

¿Qué puedo hacer para ayudar a protegerme?

La mejor manera de prevenir la infección es evitar la exposición al virus que causa el COVID-19.

Hay medidas simples preventivas y cotidianas para ayudar a prevenir la propagación de virus respiratorios. Estas incluyen las siguientes:

- Evitar el contacto cercano con personas enfermas.
- Evitar tocarse los ojos, la nariz y la boca con las manos sin lavar.
- Lavarse frecuentemente las manos con agua y jabón por al menos 20 segundos. Usar un desinfectante de manos que contenga al menos un 60 % de alcohol si no hay agua y jabón disponibles.
- Si está enfermo, para prevenir la propagación de la enfermedad respiratoria a los demás, debería hacer lo siguiente:
- Quedarse en casa si está enfermo.
- Cubrirse la nariz y la boca con un pañuelo desechable al toser o estornudar y luego botarlo a la basura.
- Limpiar y desinfectar los objetos y las superficies que se tocan frecuentemente.

¿Qué debo hacer si recientemente viajé a China y me enfermé?

Si estuvo en China en los últimos 14 días, se siente enfermo y tiene fiebre, tos o dificultad para respirar, debería buscar atención médica. Llame al consultorio de su proveedor de atención médica antes de ir y dígales sobre su viaje y sus síntomas. Ellos le darán instrucciones sobre cómo conseguir atención médica sin exponer a los demás a su enfermedad. Mientras esté enfermo, evite el contacto con otras personas, no salga y postergue cualquier viaje para reducir la posibilidad de propagar la enfermedad a los demás.

¿Hay alguna vacuna?

En la actualidad no existe una vacuna que proteja contra el COVID-19. La mejor manera de prevenir la infección es evitar la exposición al virus que causa el COVID-19.

¿Existe un tratamiento?

No hay un tratamiento antiviral específico para el COVID-19. Las personas con el COVID-19 pueden buscar atención médica para ayudar a aliviar los síntomas.

What to do if you are sick with coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)

If you are sick with COVID-19 or suspect you are infected with the virus that causes COVID-19, follow the steps below to help prevent the disease from spreading to people in your home and community.

Stay home except to get medical care

You should restrict activities outside your home, except for getting medical care. Do not go to work, school, or public areas. Avoid using public transportation, ride-sharing, or taxis.

Separate yourself from other people and animals in your home

People: As much as possible, you should stay in a specific room and away from other people in your home. Also, you should use a separate bathroom, if available.

Animals: Do not handle pets or other animals while sick. See [COVID-19 and Animals](#) for more information.

Call ahead before visiting your doctor

If you have a medical appointment, call the healthcare provider and tell them that you have or may have COVID-19. This will help the healthcare provider's office take steps to keep other people from getting infected or exposed.

Wear a facemask

You should wear a facemask when you are around other people (e.g., sharing a room or vehicle) or pets and before you enter a healthcare provider's office. If you are not able to wear a facemask (for example, because it causes trouble breathing), then people who live with you should not stay in the same room with you, or they should wear a facemask if they enter your room.

Cover your coughs and sneezes

Cover your mouth and nose with a tissue when you cough or sneeze. Throw used tissues in a lined trash can; immediately wash your hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds or clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol covering all surfaces of your hands and rubbing them together until they feel dry. Soap and water should be used preferentially if hands are visibly dirty.

Avoid sharing personal household items

You should not share dishes, drinking glasses, cups, eating utensils, towels, or bedding with other people or pets in your home. After using these items, they should be washed thoroughly with soap and water.

Clean your hands often

Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. If soap and water are not available, clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol, covering all surfaces of your hands and rubbing them together until they feel dry. Soap and water should be used preferentially if hands are visibly dirty. Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.

Clean all "high-touch" surfaces every day

High touch surfaces include counters, tabletops, doorknobs, bathroom fixtures, toilets, phones, keyboards, tablets, and bedside tables. Also, clean any surfaces that may have blood, stool, or body fluids on them. Use a household cleaning spray or wipe, according to the label instructions. Labels contain instructions for safe and effective use of the cleaning product including precautions you should take when applying the product, such as wearing gloves and making sure you have good ventilation during use of the product.

Monitor your symptoms

Seek prompt medical attention if your illness is worsening (e.g., difficulty breathing). **Before** seeking care, call your healthcare provider and tell them that you have, or are being evaluated for, COVID-19. Put on a facemask before you enter the facility. These steps will help the healthcare provider's office to keep other people in the office or waiting room from getting infected or exposed.

Ask your healthcare provider to call the local or state health department. Persons who are placed under active monitoring or facilitated self-monitoring should follow instructions provided by their local health department or occupational health professionals, as appropriate. When working with your local health department check their available hours.

If you have a medical emergency and need to call 911, notify the dispatch personnel that you have, or are being evaluated for COVID-19. If possible, put on a facemask before emergency medical services arrive.

Discontinuing home isolation

Patients with confirmed COVID-19 should remain under home isolation precautions until the risk of secondary transmission to others is thought to be low. The decision to discontinue home isolation precautions should be made on a case-by-case basis, in consultation with healthcare providers and state and local health departments.



For more information: www.cdc.gov/COVID19

Qué hacer si se contrae la enfermedad del coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19)

Si usted está enfermo con COVID-19 o sospecha que está infectado por el virus que causa el COVID-19, tome las medidas mencionadas a continuación para ayudar a prevenir que la enfermedad se propague a personas en su casa y en la comunidad.

Quédese en casa, excepto para conseguir atención médica

Debe restringir las actividades fuera de su casa, excepto para conseguir atención médica. No vaya al trabajo, la escuela o a áreas públicas. Evite usar el servicio de transporte público, vehículos compartidos o taxis.

Manténgase alejado de otras personas y de los animales en su casa

Personas: en la medida de lo posible, permanezca en una habitación específica y lejos de las demás personas que estén en su casa. Además, debería usar un baño aparte, de ser posible.

Animales: mientras esté enfermo, no manipule ni toque mascotas ni otros animales. Consulte la página del [COVID-19 y los animales](#) para obtener más información.

Llame antes de ir al médico

Si tiene una cita médica, llame al proveedor de atención médica y dígame que tiene o que podría tener COVID-19. Esto ayudará a que en el consultorio del proveedor de atención médica se tomen medidas para evitar que otras personas se infecten o expongan.

Use una mascarilla

Usted debería usar una mascarilla cuando esté cerca de otras personas (p. ej., compartiendo una habitación o un vehículo) o de animales, y antes de entrar al consultorio de un proveedor de atención médica. Si no puede usar una mascarilla (por ejemplo, porque le causa dificultad para respirar), las personas que vivan con usted no deberían permanecer con usted en la misma habitación, o deberían ponerse una mascarilla si entran a su habitación.

Cúbrase la nariz y la boca al toser y estornudar

Cúbrase la nariz y la boca con un pañuelo desechable al toser o estornudar. Bote los pañuelos desechables usados en un bote de basura con una bolsa de plástico adentro; lávese inmediatamente las manos con agua y jabón por al menos 20 segundos o límpieselas con un desinfectante de manos que contenga al menos un 60 % de alcohol, cubra todas las superficies de las manos y fróteselas hasta que sienta que se secaron. Si las manos están visiblemente sucias, es preferible usar agua y jabón.

Evite compartir artículos del hogar de uso personal

No debe compartir platos, vasos, tazas, cubiertos, toallas o ropa de cama con otras personas o animales que estén en su casa. Después de usar estos artículos, se los debe lavar bien con agua y jabón.

Límpiese las manos con frecuencia

Lávese frecuentemente las manos con agua y jabón por al menos 20 segundos. Si no hay agua y jabón disponibles, límpieselas con un desinfectante de manos que contenga al menos un 60 % de alcohol; cubra todas las superficies de las manos y fróteselas hasta que sienta que se secaron. Si las manos están visiblemente sucias, es preferible usar agua y jabón. Evite tocarse los ojos, la nariz y la boca con las manos sin lavar.

Limpie todos los días todas las superficies de contacto frecuente

Las superficies de contacto frecuente incluyen los mesones, las mesas, las manijas de las puertas, las llaves y grifos del baño, los inodoros, los teléfonos, los teclados, las tabletas y las mesas de cama. Limpie también todas las superficies que puedan tener sangre, heces o líquidos corporales. Use un limpiador de uso doméstico, ya sea un rociador o una toallita, según las instrucciones de la etiqueta. Las etiquetas contienen instrucciones para el uso seguro y eficaz de los productos de limpieza, incluidas las precauciones que debería tomar cuando aplique el producto, como usar guantes o asegurarse de tener buena ventilación mientras esté usando el producto.

Vigile sus síntomas

Busque atención médica rápidamente si su enfermedad empeora (p. ej., si tiene dificultad para respirar). Antes de hacerlo, llame a su proveedor de atención médica y dígame que tiene COVID-19, o que está siendo evaluado para determinar si lo tiene. Póngase una mascarilla antes de entrar al consultorio. Estas medidas ayudarán a que en el consultorio del proveedor de atención médica se pueda evitar la infección o exposición de las otras personas que estén en el consultorio o la sala de espera.

Pídale a su proveedor de atención médica que llame al departamento de salud local o estatal. Las personas que estén bajo monitoreo activo o automonitoreo facilitado deben seguir las indicaciones provistas por los profesionales de salud ocupacional o de su departamento de salud local, según corresponda.

Si tiene una emergencia médica o necesita llamar al 911, avísele al personal del centro de llamadas que tiene COVID-19 o lo están evaluando para determinarlo. De ser posible, póngase una mascarilla antes de que llegue el servicio médico de emergencias.

Interrupción del aislamiento en la casa

Los pacientes con COVID-19 confirmado deben permanecer bajo precauciones de aislamiento en la casa hasta que el riesgo de transmisión secundaria a otras personas se considere bajo. La decisión de interrumpir las precauciones de aislamiento en la casa debe tomarse según cada caso en particular, en consulta con proveedores de atención médica y departamentos de salud estatales y locales.



Share Facts About COVID-19

Know the facts about coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) and help stop the spread of rumors.

FACT
1

Diseases can make anyone sick regardless of their race or ethnicity.

People of Asian descent, including Chinese Americans, are not more likely to get COVID-19 than any other American. Help stop fear by letting people know that being of Asian descent does not increase the chance of getting or spreading COVID-19.

FACT
2

Some people are at increased risk of getting COVID-19.

People who have been in close contact with a person known to have COVID-19 or people who live in or have recently been in an area with ongoing spread are at an increased risk of exposure.

FACT
3

Someone who has completed quarantine or has been released from isolation does not pose a risk of infection to other people.

For up-to-date information, visit CDC's coronavirus disease 2019 web page.

FACT
4

You can help stop COVID-19 by knowing the signs and symptoms:

- Fever
- Cough
- Shortness of breath

Seek medical advice if you

- Develop symptoms

AND

- Have been in close contact with a person known to have COVID-19 or if you live in or have recently been in an area with ongoing spread of COVID-19.

FACT
5

There are simple things you can do to help keep yourself and others healthy.

- Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, especially after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing; going to the bathroom; and before eating or preparing food.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
- Stay home when you are sick.
- Cover your cough or sneeze with a tissue, then throw the tissue in the trash.



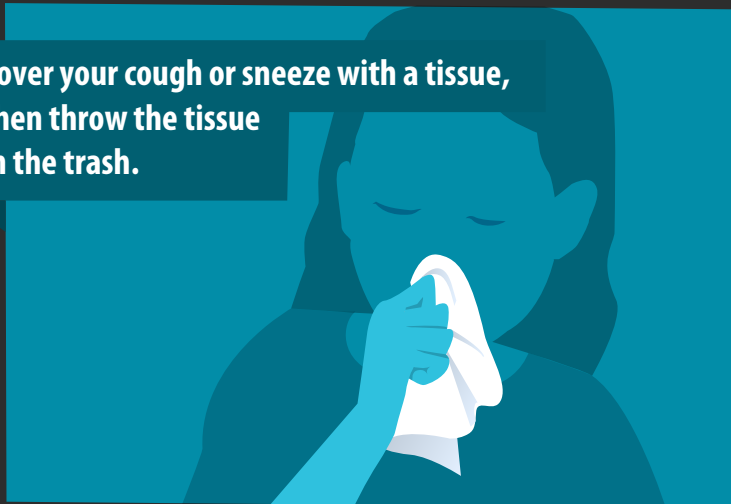
STOP THE SPREAD OF GERMS

Help prevent the spread of respiratory diseases like COVID-19.

Avoid close contact with people who are sick.



Cover your cough or sneeze with a tissue, then throw the tissue in the trash.



Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth.



Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces.



Stay home when you are sick, except to get medical care.



Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.



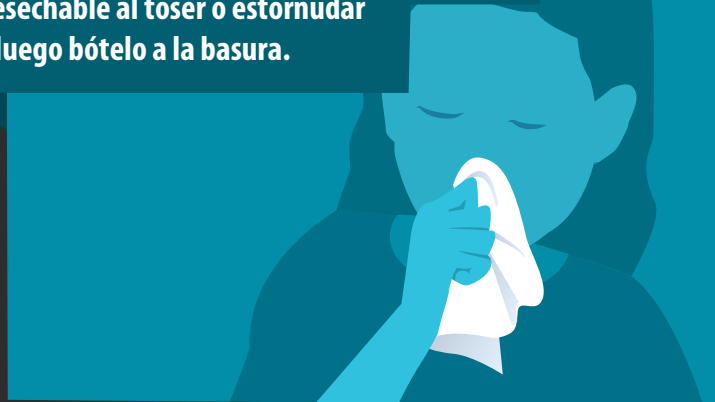
DETENGA LA PROPAGACIÓN DE LOS MICROBIOS

Ayude a prevenir la propagación de virus respiratorios como el nuevo COVID-19.

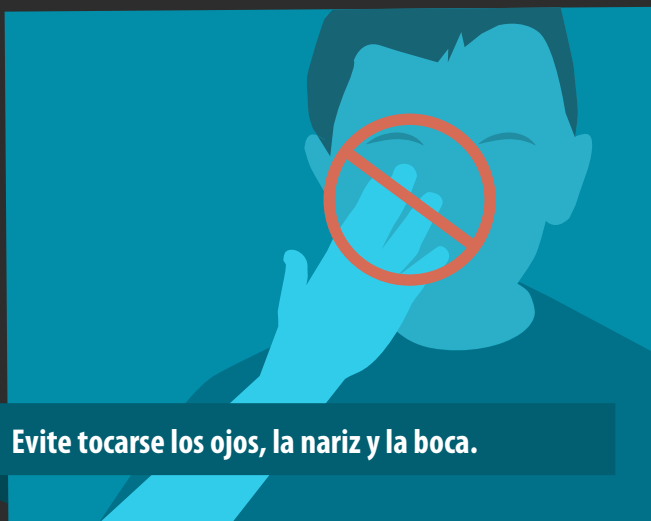
Evite el contacto cercano con las personas enfermas.



Cúbrase la nariz y la boca con un pañuelo desechable al toser o estornudar y luego bótelo a la basura.



Evite tocarse los ojos, la nariz y la boca.



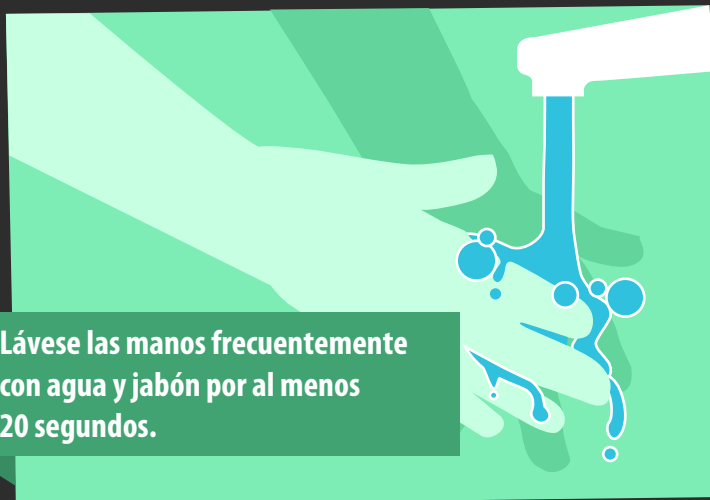
Limpie y desinfecte los objetos y las superficies que se tocan frecuentemente.



Quédese en casa si está enfermo, excepto para buscar atención médica.



Lávese las manos frecuentemente con agua y jabón por al menos 20 segundos.





Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19)—Fighting Productsⁱ

The American Chemistry Council's (ACC) Center for Biocide Chemistries (CBC) has compiled a list of products that have been pre-approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for use against emerging enveloped viral pathogens and can be used during the 2019 novel coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak. This product list is not exhaustive but can be used by business owners, health professionals, and the public to identify products suitable for use during the COVID-19.

The information in this document is being provided as a public service. All efforts have been made to ensure the information is accurate, but ACC and CBC make no representations or warranties as to the completeness or accuracy of the information. ACC, CBC, and the product manufacturers listed in this document reserve the right to change, delete, or otherwise modify the information without any prior notice. Persons receiving this information must make their own determination as to a product's suitability prior to use based on the product labeling. ACC and CBC do not guarantee or warrant the standard of any product referenced or imply approval of the product to the exclusion of others that may be available. All products listed are registered for labeled uses in accordance with federal laws and regulations as of the date this document is being made available. State regulations may vary. In no event will ACC or CBC be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon products to which the information refers.

Note: The CBC cannot make a determination of the effectiveness of a product in fighting pathogens like COVID-19. For questions related to the effectiveness of any product not listed below, please contact the manufacturer directly.

For use of the product, please contact the company/distributor to confirm use directions, or consult the EPA approved label at <https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-labels/pesticide-product-label-system-ppls-more-information>.

Ready to Use Products			
Commercially Available Product Name	Company/Distributor	EPA REG No.	
Accel Tb	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-1	
Advantage	Wechem, Inc.	1839-83-34370	
AERO TB FRESH	AERO CHEMICAL CO	1839-83-13103	
Af Ultra Acid Free Total Bathroom Cleaner	Ultra Chem	1839-83-57839	
All Purpose Virex	Diversey, Inc.	1839-83-70627	
Aviation RTU Cleaner	Zep	6836-152-1270	
Avistat-D RTU Spray Disinfectant Cleaner	National Chemical Laboratories, Inc.	1839-83-2296	
Bioesque Solutions Botanical Disinfectant Solution 12/1 qt	Bioesque Solutions/Natureal, LLC	87742-1-92595	
Bioesque Solutions Botanical Disinfectant Solution 4/1 gal	Bioesque Solutions/Natureal, LLC	87742-1-92595	
Bioesque Solutions Botanical Disinfectant Solution 5 gal	Bioesque Solutions/Natureal, LLC	87742-1-92595	
Bioesque Solutions Botanical Disinfectant Solution 55 gal	Bioesque Solutions/Natureal, LLC	87742-1-92595	
BLEACH DISINFECTANT CLEANER	Ecolab Inc	1677-235	
Bright Solutions Lemon Zip Disinfectant RTU	Bright Solutions	1839-83-75473	
Bright Solutions RTU Bathroom Cleaner Non-Acid Bowl and Restroom Disinfectant BS & H	Bright Solutions	1839-83-75473	
Byotrol Bathroom Disinfectant Cleaner	NATIONAL AMERICAN SALES CORP.	1839-83-50718	
Byotrol Disinfectant Cleaner	Byotrol, Inc.	83614-1	
CaviCide Bleach	Byotrol, Inc.	83614-1	
CaviCide1	Metrex	46781-15	
Clear Gear Sports Spray	Metrex	46781-12	
Clorox 4 In One Disinfecting Spray	On Track Enterprises, Inc d/b/a Clear Gear	6836-152-89301	
Clorox Clean Up Cleaner + Bleach	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-29	
Clorox Commercial Solutions® Clorox® 4-in-One Disinfectant & Sanitizer	The Clorox Company	5813-21	
Clorox Commercial Solutions® Clorox® Disinfecting Bathroom Cleaner	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-29	
Clorox Commercial Solutions® Clorox® Disinfecting Biostain & Odor Remover	Clorox Professional Products Company	5813-40-67619	
Clorox Commercial Solutions® Clorox® Disinfecting Spray	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-33	
Clorox Commercial Solutions® Hydrogen Peroxide Cleaner Disinfectant	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-21	
Clorox Commercial Solutions® Tilex Soap Scum Remover	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-24	
Clorox Commercial Solutions® Toilet Bowl Cleaner with Bleach1	Clorox Professional Products Company	5813-40-67619	
Clorox Commercial Solutions® Clorox® Clean-Up Disinfectant Cleaner with Bleach1	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-16	
Clorox Disinfecting Bathroom Cleaner	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-17	
Clorox Healthcare® Bleach Germicidal Cleaner Spray	The Clorox Company	5813-40	
Clorox Healthcare® Fuzion® Cleaner Disinfectant	Clorox Professional Products Company	56392-7	
Clorox Healthcare® Hydrogen Peroxide Cleaner Disinfectant	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-30	
Clorox Multi Surface Cleaner + Bleach	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-24	
Clorox Pet Solutions Advanced Formula Disinfecting Stain & Odor Remover	The Clorox Company	5813-105	
Clorox Scentiva Bathroom Disinfectant Foamer	The Clorox Company	5813-110	
Clorox Scentiva Bathroom Disinfecting Foam Cleaner	The Clorox Company	5813-40	
Clorox Toilet Bowl Cleaner Clinging Bleach Gel	The Clorox Company	5813-115	
Clorox Toilet Bowl Cleaner with Bleach	The Clorox Company	5813-89	
CloroxPro™ Clorox Total 360® Disinfecting Cleaner1	The Clorox Company	5813-89	
DETERGENT DISINFECTANT PUMP SPRAY	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-38	
D-Germ TB	Stepan Company	1839-83	
DIC-1 Spray Disinfectant	Wechem, Inc.	1839-83-34370	
Disinfectant Spray Cleaner RTU Victoria Bay	The Deirdre Imus Environmental Health Center®	1839-220-83908	
Don-O-Mite	Victoria Bay	1839-83-68168	
	Edward Don & Company	6836-152-14462	

Dutch®Plus Ready-To-Use Disinfectant Spray	Franklin Cleaning Technology	1839-83-1124
Fight Bac RTU	Betco Corporation	1839-83-4170
Foster First Defense	HB Fuller Construction Products Inc.	6836-152-63836
GERM BANDIT TB	ENVIROCHEMICAL INC	1839-83-66061
Germi-Kleen Non-Acid Bowl & Bathroom Disinfectant	National Chemical Laboratories, Inc.	1839-83-2296
HI-TIDE RTU DISINFECTANT	MID-AMERICAN RESEARCH CHEMICAL CORP.	1839-83-12204
INTERvention Farm Animal Care Disinfectant Cleaner & Deodorizer Ready to Use	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-9
KLERCIDE 70/30 IPA	Ecolab Inc	1677-249
Lemon Disinfectant	American Chemical Systems	6836-152-86408
LX-0307 RTU QUAT CLEANER DISINFECTANT	ABC COMPOUNDING CO., INC	1839-83-3862
LYSOL BRAND BLEACH MULTI-PURPOSE CLEANER	RB	777-83
LYSOL BRAND BLEACH MOLD AND MILDEW REMOVER		
LYSOL BRAND CLING & FRESH TOILET BOWL CLEANER	RB	777-70
LYSOL BRAND POWER PLUS TOILET BOWL CLEANER	RB	777-132
LYSOL BRAND POWER TOILET BOWL CLEANER	RB	777-81
LYSOL BRAND LIME & RUST TOILET BOWL CLEANER		
LYSOL® DISINFECTANT MAX COVER MIST	RB	777-127
LYSOL® DISINFECTANT SPRAY	RB	777-99
PROFESSIONAL LYSOL® DISINFECTANT SPRAY		
MAPS- 1 RTU	SynBionic Evolution, LLC.	6836-289-92677
Maxim GSC Germicidal Spray Cleaner	Midlab	1839-83-45745
Maxim No Acid Non-Acid Bowl & Restroom Disinfectant Cleaner RB 352 Brite	Midlab	1839-83-45745
Medline Micro-Kill R2	Medline Industries, Inc	1839-220-37549
Micro-Kill Bleach Germicidal Bleach Solution	Medline Industries, Inc	37549-2
Micro-Kill Bleach Germicidal Bleach Wipes	Medline Industries, Inc	37549-1
Miracle Disinfectant Spray and Wipe Cleaner	Swish Maintenance Limited	1839-83-67205
Non-Acid Bathroom Cleaner Victoria Bay	Victoria Bay	1839-83-68168
One-Step Disinfectant Cleaner	Schultz Supply Company	6836-152-46493
Oracle 1	Share Corporation	88494-3-11547
OXIVIR 1	Diversey, Inc.	70627-74
OXIVIR Tb	Diversey, Inc.	70627-56
PERIMO RTU SURFACE DISINFECT	CERTUS MEDICAL INC	1839-83-88205
PEROXIDE DISINFECTANT AND GLASS CLEANER RTU	Ecolab Inc/Kay Chemical Co.	1677-251
PEROXIDE MULTI SURFACE CLEANER AND DISINFECTANT RTU	Ecolab Inc/Kay Chemical Co.	1677-251
Peroxigard Ready to Use One-Step Disinfectant Cleaner and Deodorizer for Use in Life Sciences	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-9
POWER-CIDAL R-T-U		
PREempt RTU	MID-AMERICAN RESEARCH CHEMICAL CORP.	1839-83-12204
Protection that Lives on Microban 24 Hour Keeps Killing 99.9% of Bacteria for Up to 24 Hours Multipurpose Cleaner” (Microban 24 Hour Multi-Purpose Cleaner)	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-1
“Protection that Lives on Microban 24 Hour Keeps Killing 99.9% of Bacteria for Up to 24 Hours Bathroom Cleaner” (Microban 24 hour Bathroom Cleaner)	The Procter & Gamble Company	4091-21-3573
PURACLEEN DISINFECTANT SPRAY		
PURELL Food Processing Surface Sanitizer	The Procter & Gamble Company	4091-22-3573
PURELL Foodservice Surface Sanitizer		
PURELL Healthcare Surface Disinfectant	QBASED SOLUTIONS, INC.	1839-83-83894
PURELL Multi Surface Disinfectant	GOJO Industries, Inc.	84368-1-84150
PURELL Professional Surface Disinfectant	GOJO Industries, Inc.	84368-1-84150
Quat Plus TB	GOJO Industries, Inc.	84368-1-84150
Quatricide TB	GOJO Industries, Inc.	84368-1-84150
Rejuvenate Ready to Use One Step Disinfectant Cleaner For Use in Spas, Salons & Clinics	GOJO Industries, Inc.	84368-1-84150
REScue Ready to Use One Step Disinfectant Cleaner & Deodorizer	Rochester Midland Corporation	1839-83-527
RestorOx	Pharmaceutical Research Labs., Inc.	1839-83-8714
RTU Disinfectant Cleaner	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-1
Sani-24 Germicidal Spray	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-9
Sanicare TBX	U S Chemical	70627-2-7546
Sani-HyPerCide Germicidal Spray	Professional Disposables International, Inc.	42182-9-9480
Sani-Prime Germicidal Spray	Buckeye International, Inc.	1839-83-559
Sani-Spritz Spray	Professional Disposables International, Inc.	9480-14
SaniZide Pro 1 Spray	Professional Disposables International, Inc.	9480-10
SaniZide Pro 1 Wipes	Nyco Products Company	6836-152-8370
SC-RTU DISINFECTANT CLEANER	Safetec of America, Inc.	88494-3-67161
SC-RTU-360 DISINFECTANT	Safetec of America, Inc.	88494-4-67161
SELECT ACID FREE	Stepan Company	1839-220
	Spectral Chemical Co Inc	1839-220-33466
	BROOKMEADE HARDWARE & SUPPLY COMPANY	1839-83-58336
Simple Green Clean Finish	Sunshine Makers, Inc	1839-220-56782
SPRITZ	CARE LABS, INC	1839-83-56669
SUPER Q	SELECT SPECIALTY PRODUCTS	1839-83-50735
SURFACE KLEEN TB	GENERAL PRODUCTS & SUPPLY INC.	1839-83-41316
SUV Ultra 5 Disinfectant & Cleaner	OSHA Review, Inc.	6836-366-70809

T.B. QUAT
TB DISINFECTANT CLEANER READY-TO-USE
TB Quat
TB QUAT
TB Quat Disinfectant
VIRASEPT
Viro-Stat RTU
X-Ray Apron Cleaner Disinfectant
Zep Antibacterial Disinfectant & Cleaner
Zep Quick Clean Disinfectant
Zep Spirit II

PRO CHEM, INC.
Ecolab Inc/Kay Chemical Co.
Gordon Food Service
AERO CHEMICAL CO
Warsaw Chemical Holdings LLC
Ecolab Inc
Share Corporation
BioXco LLC / MediRedi LLC
Zep
Zep
Zep

1839-83-11861
1839-83-1677
70627-2-45133
1839-83-13103
1839-83-2230
1677-226
6836-152-11547
6836-289-93240
1839-83-40849
1839-220-40849
1839-83-1270

Dilutable Products		
Commercially Available Product Name	Company/Distributor	EPA REG No.
128 Disinfectant	Dalco Enterprises, Inc	6836-365-87580
128 E-Fecticide	Multi-Clean Inc.	6836-365-5449
14 PLUS ANTIBACTERIAL ALL PURPOSE CLEANER	Ecolab Inc	6836-349-1677
20 NEUTRAL DISINFECTANT CLEANER	Ecolab Inc	47371-129-1677
256 Century Q	Multi-Clean Inc.	47371-129-5449
3M™ Disinfectant Cleaner RCT Concentrate	3M	6836-349-10350
3M™ MBS Disinfectant Cleaner Concentrate	3M	6836-361-10350
3M™ MBS Disinfectant Cleaner Fresh Scent Concentrate	3M	6836-361-10350
3M™ Neutral Quat Disinfectant Cleaner Concentrate	3M	47371-129-10350
3M™ Quat Disinfectant Cleaner Concentrate	3M	6836-78-10350
A-456 II DISINFECTANT CLEANER	Ecolab Inc	6836-78-1677
Accel Concentrate	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-4
ACS Tornado 1 - One Step Disinfectant	American Chemical Systems	6836-75-86408
AQ+ Ultra Disinfectant Sanitizer and Deodorizer	Franklin Cleaning Technology	6836-70-1124
Array Non-Acid Restroom Cleaner & Disinfectant P	Gordon Food Service	6836-75-45133
Avert Sporidical Disinfectant Cleaner	Diversey, Inc.	70627-72
BOOST 3200	Ecolab Inc	63761-8-1677
BOOST 3200 CIP	Ecolab Inc	63761 -8-1677
BOOST SURFACE TREATMENT	Ecolab Inc	63761-10-1677
Brighton Professional Hepastat 256	Staples Contract & Commercial LLC	6836-78-86226
Broad-Cide Plus	OSCEOLA SUPPLY, INC.	6836-365-62865
Buckeye Sanicare Mint Quat	Buckeye International, Inc.	47371-131-559
Buckeye Eco Neutral Disinfectant	Buckeye International, Inc.	47371-129-559
Buckeye Eco One-Step Disinfectant-Deodorizer-Cleaner	Buckeye International, Inc.	6836-78-559
Buckeye Sanicare Lemon Quat	Buckeye International, Inc.	47371-131-559
Buckeye Sanicare Pine Quat	Buckeye International, Inc.	47371-131-559
Buckeye Sanicare Quat 128	Buckeye International, Inc.	47371-130-559
Buckeye Sanicare Quat 256	Buckeye International, Inc.	47371-129-559
Buckeye Sani-Q ²	Buckeye International, Inc.	6836-266-559
Buckeye Terminator	Buckeye International, Inc.	6836-75-559
Cdiff DISINFECTANT TABLETS	Total Solutions	71847-6-68562
CEN-KLEEN IV	ARJO HUNTLEIGH, INC. D/B/A ARJOHUNTLEIGH	6836-75-45556
Centraz San Sol 10	Centraz Industries, Inc.	6836-266-9194
Classic Whirlpool Disinfectant and Cleaner	Central Solutions, Inc.	6836-75-211
Clean Quick Broad Range Quaternary Sanitizer	The Procter & Gamble Company	6836-278-3573
CLICKSAN DISINFECTANT/SANITIZER	Ecolab Inc/Kay Chemical Co.	6836-305-5389
Clorox Disinfecting Bleach2	The Clorox Company	5813-111
Clorox Germicidal Bleach3	The Clorox Company	5813-114
Clorox Performance Bleach1	The Clorox Company	5813-114
CloroxPro™ Clorox® Germicidal Bleach	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-32
Coastwide Professional Hepastat 256	Staples Contract & Commercial LLC	6836-78-86226
CONFIDENCE PLUS 2	WALTER G LEGGE CO/MINE SAFETY APPLIANCES COMPANY	47371-130-4204
COSA OXONIA ACTIVE	Ecolab Inc	1677-129
Dakil S	Davis Manufacturing and Packaging, Inc.	47371-129-50591
Enviro Care Neutral Disinfectant	Rochester Midland Corporation	47371-131-527
ES364 Neutral Disinfectant	Charlotte Products Ltd.	6836-366-64900
Extra Spearmint Germicidal Detergent and Deodorant	U S Chemical	47371-131-7546
FOOD CONTACT QUAT SANITIZER	Ecolab Inc	6836-70-541
Formula 17750 Wintermint	Chemsafe International	47371-131-55731
Formula 17822 Deo-Clean Multi	Chemsafe International	47371-131-55731
G-5 Sanitizer	Diversey, Inc.	6836-266-70627
GASCO Quaternary Sanitizer	GASCO INDUSTRIAL Corp.	6836-266-81974
Germ-A-Cide 64	Detco Industries, Inc.	47371-131-58111
Germicidal Cleaner and Disinfectant	Gordon Food Service	47371-131-45133
INTERvention Farm Animal Care Disinfectant Cleaner & Deodorizer	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-4
KAY SURFACE SANITIZER	Ecolab Inc/Kay Chemical Co.	6836-70-5389
KAYQUAT II	Ecolab Inc/Kay Chemical Co.	6836-266-5389
Lemon Cleaner	U S Chemical	47371-131-7546
LYSOL BRAND CLEAN & FRESH MULTI-SURFACE CLEANER	RB	777-89
Medline Micro-Kill NQ5	Medline Industries, Inc	6836-364-37549
Micronex	Zep	47371-129-1270
Mint Disinfectant Plus	Gurtler Industries, Inc.	6836-75-47567
MixMate Germicidal Cleaner	U S Chemical	47371-131-7546
MixMate Microtech Non-Acid Restroom Cleaner & Disinfectant	U S Chemical	6836-75-7546
MixMate Non-Acid Restroom Cleaner & Disinfectant	U S Chemical	6836-75-7546

MULTI-PURPOSE NEUTRAL PH GERMICIDAL DETERGENT	Ecolab Inc	47371-131-1677
multi-quat mega-1	Intercon Chemical Company	6836-77-48211
NEUTRAL DISINFECTANT CLEANER	Ecolab Inc	47371-129-1677
Neutral Disinfectant Cleaner	Gordon Food Service	47371-131-45133
Neutra-Tec 64	Surtec, Inc.	47371-131-40714
OASIS 499 HBV DISINFECTANT	Ecolab Inc	6836-78-1677
OPI SpaComplete	OPI Products, Inc.	6836-77-70397
OXONIA ACTIVE	Ecolab Inc	1677-129
OXYCIDE DAILY DISINFECTANT CLEANER	Ecolab Inc	1677-237
OXY-TEAM™ DISINFECTANT CLEANER	Diversey, Inc.	70627-58
PC-30F M-KYL 128 FOAMER	Pioneer Chemical Co.	6836-136-151
Performex	Brunlin & Co., Inc.	6836-364-106
PEROXIDE MULTI SURFACE CLEANER AND DISINFECTANT	Ecolab Inc/Kay Chemical Co.	1677-238
Peroxigard Concentrate One-Step Disinfectant Cleaner and Deodorizer for Use in Life Sciences	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-4
pH7Q	Betco Corporation	47371-131-4170
Pillage Disinfectant Tablets	Share Corporation	71847-6-11547
Pine Cleaner Disinfectant	U S Chemical	47371-131-7546
Pine Quat	Betco Corporation	47371-192-4170
PREempt Concentrate	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-4
PROFESSIONAL LYSOL® HEAVY DUTY BATHROOM CLEANER CONCENTRATE	RB	675-54
PUR:ONE	EarthSafe Chemical Alternatives, LLC	71847-7-91524
PUR TABS	EarthSafe Chemical Alternatives, LLC	71847-6-91524
Q.T. 3	Hillyard Industries, Inc	6836-349-1658
Q.T.Plus	Hillyard Industries, Inc	6836-77-1658
Q-128® One-Step Germicidal Detergent And Deodorant	Franklin Cleaning Technology	47371-130-1124
Quat Stat 5	Betco Corporation	6836-361-4170
QUATERNARY DISINFECTANT CLEANER	Ecolab Inc	6836-78-1677
Quaternary Disinfectant Cleaner	SC Johnson Professional	6836-78-89900
Quato 78 Plus Germicidal Detergent & Deodorant	Swish Maintenance Limited	47371-130-67205
Rejuvenate Concentrate One Step Disinfectant Cleaner For Use in Spas, Salons & Clinics	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-4
REScue Concentrate One Step Disinfectant Cleaner & Deodorizer	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-4
SANI QUAD FOOD SERVICE SANITIZER	Ecolab Inc/Kay Chemical Co.	6836-70-1677
Sanifect Plus 1	U S Chemical	47371-131-7546
Sanifect Plus 2 Fresh N Clean	U S Chemical	47371-131-7546
SANITIZER / COMMERCIAL SANITIZER	Ecolab Inc	6836-302-1677
Simple Green d Pro 5	Sunshine Makers, Inc.	6836-140-56782
Stepan Spray Disinfectant Concentrate	Stepan Company	1839-248
SUPER 60 PYM 64 FOAMER	Pioneer Chemical Co.	47371-131-151
SUPER SAN FOOD SERVICE SANITIZER	Ecolab Inc/Kay Chemical Co.	6836-305-1677
Symplicity Sanibet Multi-Range Sanitizer	Betco Corporation	6836-266-4170
Synergex	Ecolab Inc	1677-250
TEC-QUAT 128	Geringe USA Sales, LLC	6836-77-10648
Triforce	Betco Corporation	6836-349-4170
TRIPLE PLAY	Ecolab Inc/Kay Chemical Co.	47371-131-541
Triton	Zep	6836-78-1270
Trumix® DC2 Q-128® One-Step Germicidal Detergent And Deodorant	Franklin Cleaning Technology	47371-130-1124
Trumix® DC2 Q-256® One-Step Germicidal Detergent And Deodorant	Franklin Cleaning Technology	47371-129-1124
TruShot Disinfectant Cleaner For Hospitals	SC Johnson Professional	6836-348-89900
TruShot Disinfectant Cleaner Restroom Cleaner & Disinfectant	SC Johnson Professional	6836-348-89900
United 255 DISINFECT PLUS	UNITED LABORATORIES INC	47371-131-9250
Vanauish	Total Solutions	6836-140-68562
Virex Plus	Diversey, Inc.	6836-349-70627
VIREX™ II / 256	Diversey, Inc.	70627-24
Viro-Stat	Share Corporation	6836-140-11547
Whizzer	Mueller Sports Medicine	6836-77-10118
Wide Range II Non-Acid Disinfectant Washroom Cleaner Concentrate	Diversey, Inc.	6836-75-70627

Wipe products		
Commercially Available Product Name	Company/Distributor	EPA REG No.
Accel Tb Wipes	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-3
BROAD SPECTRUM GERMICIDAL DISINFECTANT HEALTH CARE WIPES	Kandel & Son Inc	6836-340-40976
Buckeye Sanicare Disinfecting Wipes	Buckeye International, Inc.	6836-313-559
CaviWipes Bleach	Metrex	46781-14
CaviWipes1	Metrex	46781-13
CLAIRE BROAD SPECTRUM GERMICIDAL & DISINFECTANT WIPE	Claire Manufacturing Company	6836-340-706
Clorox Commercial Solutions® Clorox® Disinfecting Wipes	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-31
Clorox Commercial Solutions® Hydrogen Peroxide Cleaner Disinfectant Wipes	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-25
Clorox Disinfecting Wipes	The Clorox Company	5813-79
Clorox Healthcare® Bleach Germicidal Wipes	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-12
Clorox Healthcare® Hydrogen Peroxide Cleaner Disinfectant Wipes	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-25
Clorox Healthcare® VersaSure® Wipes	Clorox Professional Products Company	67619-37
Dispatch	Clorox Healthcare	56392-8
Handyclean™ Steridol Wipes	Diamond Wipes International, Inc.	6836-340-74058
I7 DISINFECTANT WIPES	Ecolab Inc/Kay Chemical Co.	6836-340-1677
INTERvention Farm Animal Care Disinfectant Cleaner & Deodorizer Ready to Use Wipes	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-10
LCP BROAD SPECTRUM GERMICIDAL & DISINFECTANT WIPES	LOR Cleaner Products	6836-340-88324
Monk Disinfectant Wipes	Dreumex USA, Inc.	6836-313-91910
MULTI PURPOSE DISINFECTING WIPES	Ecolab Inc	6836-340-1677
NASSCO PRO SERIES 88 BROAD SPECTRUM GERMICIDAL & DISINFECTANT WIPES	NASSCO Inc	6836-340-18166
NCLwipes Disinfectant Wipes Lemon Fresh	National Chemical Laboratories, Inc.	6836-340-2296
NCLwipes Disinfectant Wipes Waterfall Fresh	National Chemical Laboratories, Inc.	6836-340-2296
Oxivir 1 Wipes	Diversey, Inc.	70627-77
OXIVIR™ WIPES	Diversey, Inc.	70627-60
Pathos II Disinfectant Wipes	Share Corporation	6836-340-11547
Peroxigard Wipes One-Step Disinfectant Cleaner and Deodorizer for Use in Life Sciences	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-10
PREempt Wipes	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-3
PURELL Foodservice Surface Sanitizing Wipes	GOJO Industries, Inc.	84150-1
PURELL Professional Surface Disinfectant Wipes	GOJO Industries, Inc.	85150-1
Rejuvenate Ready To Use Wipes One Step Disinfectant Cleaner for Use in Spas, Salons & Clinics	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-3
REScue Wipes One Step Disinfectant Cleaner & Deodorizer	Virox Technologies, Inc.	74559-10
Sani-Cloth Prime Germicidal Disposable Wipe	Professional Disposables International, Inc.	9480-12
SCRUBS® MEDAPHENE® Plus Disinfecting Wipes	ITW Pro Brands	6836-340-11694
SONO Disinfecting Wipes	Advanced Ultrasound Solutions, Inc.	6836- 340-89018
SONO Ultrasound Wipes	Advanced Ultrasound Solutions, Inc.	6836- 340-89018
Spec4 Disinfectant Wipes	Total Solutions	6836-340-68562
SSS TRIPLE S DISINFECTANT WIPES	Triple S	6836-340-12120
Touch Point Plus Disinfectant Wipes	Innocore Sales & Marketing	6836-340-92977
Wipes Plus Disinfecting Wipes 1	Progressive Products, LLC.	6836-340-75399

As a public service, CBC is maintaining this list of antimicrobials that have proven to be effective against stronger pathogens, such as norovirus or ebola. By publishing and maintaining this open list, CBC relieves federal, state, and local health officials' resources in order to focus on other aspects of the important effort to limit spread of this new disease. Listing is voluntary and compliance with EPA's "emerging viral pathogen" guidance for antimicrobial products is verified by CBC. CBC will be working with federal and state officials to disseminate the list and make it accessible to all those who need to be in the know.

ⁱ To include a product on CBC's list of Coronavirus-Fighting Products, registrants of the products should please contact Ms. Komal K. Jain at komal_jain@americanchemistry.com

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